## PAPER-V MICROBIAL ECOLOGY AND BIOLOGY OF PARASITISM

(Questions will be set from each Unit)

# UNIT - I Microbial Ecology (289 mor) last ad Illiw anottaguo)

- 1. An Introduction to Metabolic diversity of microbes. 2. Microbes living in extreme environments and their potential for use in Biotechnology.
- 3. Ecological role of microorganisms in general. 4. Plant microbe Symbiosis (With special reference to Microrhyzae) and animal microbe symbiosis. 5. Micro-organisms in formation of different soils.

# UNIT - II Microbial Ecology

- 1. Role of microbes in Biogeochemical and Nutrient Cycling processes. Ex. Carbon, Nitrogen, Sulphur and Phosphorus Cycle. 2. Microbes in Metal Cycling.
- 3. Aquatic Micro organisms : fresh water microbiota, Sea water microbiota.
- 4. Role of Micro organisms in Water purity and water purity test. 5. Sewage waste water treatment. 6. Methods used in environmental studies.

#### UNIT - III Biology of Parasitism

- 1. General Introduction and terms employed. Classes of parasites and host. Tabular information for spread of parasitic infection.
- 2. Host Parasite relationship.
  - 3. Geographical distribution, habitat, Morphology, Lifecycle, Pathogenesis, clinical features, Lab diagnosis (Adult and egg), treatment and Prophylaxis of Protozoan parasites pathogenic to man (Rhizopoda, Flagellata, Sporozoa Ciliata.)

## UNIT - IV Biology of Parasitism

- 1. Brief accounts of life history, mode of infection and pathogenicity of the following pathogens with reference to man, prophylaxis and treatment.
- A. Platyhelminthes parasites pathogenic to man.
- B. Nemathelminthes parasites pathogenic to man.
  - 2. Ectoparasites pathogenic to man. As vectors of human diseases.
  - 3. Parasitic adaptations in parasites.
  - 4. Evolution of parasitism.