M.A. FINAL ECONOMICS

PAPER-I MACRO ECONOMIC ANALSIS

(Quertion will be set from each Unit / Section)

- UNIT-I
- National Income and Accounts: Circular Flow of Income in two-three and different forms of nationa income accounting -social notelligog accounting input-output accounting flow of funds accounting and balance of payments accounting.
- UNIT-II
- keynes theory of emplyment: psychological law of consuption implication of the law shor-run and long-run consumption function Income-payment income hypotheses Investment Function Marginal effciency of investment amd level of investment; marginal effciency of capital and investment-long run and short run; The muliplier accelerator and investment bethaviour -impact of inflation; Influence of policy measures on investment. Ten and appolic
- UNIT-III Theory of Money: classical apporach to demand for money-Quanityty theory approach, Fisher's equation, Cambridge Quantity theory, Keynes's liquidity preference apporach, precautionary and speculative demand for moneyaggregate demand for money; Derivation of LM curve. Pst- Keynesian approaches to demand for money- Pantinkin and the Real Balance Effect, approaches of Boumol and Tobin; friedman and the modern quantity theory; Crisis in Keynesian economics and the revival of monetarism.
- **UNIT-IV**
- Supply of Money: A behavioural model of money supply determination a demand determined money supply process; RBI approach to money supply; High powered money and multipier; budgel deficits and money supply money and open economy; control of money supply Theory of Inflation: Classical, Keynesian and Monetarist approaches to inflation; Structuralish theory of Inflation; Philips cure analysis-Short run and long run Philips curve; Samuelson and Solwo- the natural rate of unemployment hypothesis: Tobin's modified Philips curve; adaptiv expectations and rational expectations: Policies to control inflation.
- UNIT-V
- Business cycles: Theories of Schumpeter, Kaldor, samuelson and Hicks: Contorl of business cycles - relative efficacy of monetary and fiscal policies.

PAPER-II INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND FINANCE

(Questions will set from each Unit/Section) [21] phibae Holas B

UNIT-I Theory of International Trade - Theories of abolute advantage, comparative advantage and opportunity cosdern theory of international trade: Theorem of factor price equalisation; Empirical testing of theory of absolute cost and comparative cost-Hecksher-ohlin theory of trade.

UNIT-II Measurement of Gains and Theory of Interventions - Measurement of gains from trade and their distribution; concepts of terms of trade, their uses and limitations; Trade as an engine of economic growth; welfare implicationsThe Theory of Interventions (Tariffs, Quotas and non-tariff barriers); Economic effects of tariffs and quotas on national income, output, employment, terms of trade, imcome distribution.

UNIT-III

Balance of payments - Meaning and components of balance of payments;
Equilibrioum and disequilibrium in the balance of payments; The process of
adiustment under systems of gold standard, fixed exchange rates and flexible
exchange rates; A critical review of the monetary approach to the theory of
blance of payments adjustment; Foreign trade multiplier with and without foreign
repercussions and determination of national income and output; Relative merits
and demerits of fixed and flexible exchange rates in the context of growth and
development in developing countries.

UNIT-IV

The theory of Regional Blocks: Forms economic cooperation; Reforms for the emergence of trading blocks at the global level; Static and Dynamic effects of a customs union and free trade areas; Rationale and economic progress of SAARC/SAPTA and ASEAN regions. Problems and prospects of forming a customs union in the Asian region. Regionalism (EU, NAFTA); Multilateralism and WYO; Rise and fall of gold standard and Bretton-woods system; Reform of the International Monetary System, India and developing countries; Theory of shortterm capital movements and East-Asian Crisis and lessons for developing countries; International trade and financial institutions - Functions of GATT/WTO (TRIPS, TRIMS), UNCTAD, IMF, World Bank and Asian Development Bank- Their achievements and failures; WTO and world Bank from the point of view of India.,

UNIT-V

Trade Policies in India - Trade problems and trade policies in India during the last five decades; Recent changes in the direction and composition of trade and their implications; Rationale and impact kof trade reforms since 1991 on balance of payments, employment and growth, Problems of India's international debt; Working and regulations of MNCs in India; Instruments of export promotion and recent and export policies and agenda for future.

PAPER-III INDIAN ECONOMIC POLICY

(Questions will be set from each Unit/Section)

- UNIT-I Economic Development Planning; Approaches to economic development and its measurement- sustainable development; Role State, marked and other institutions; Objectives and strategy of planning; failures and achievements of plans; Developing grass-root Panchayats, NGOs and pressure groups.
- UNIT-II Demographic Features, Poverty and inequality; Broad demographic features of Indian Population; Rural-urban migration Urbanization and civic amenities; Poverty and Inequality; Energy; Social infrastructure- education and health; environment; Regional imbalance; Issues and policies in finacing infrastructure development.
- UNIT-III

 The Agricultural Sector; Institutional land reforms in India; Technological change in agriculture- pricing of agricultural inputs and output; Terms of trade between agriculture and industry; Agricultural finance policy; Agricultural Marketing and Warehousing; Issues in food security- policy for sustainable agriculture; Industrial policy; public Sector enterprises and their performance; Problem of sick units in India. Privatization and disinvestment debate; growth and pattern of industrialization; Smal-scale sector productivity in industrial sector; exit policy- issues in labour market reforms; Approaches for employment generation.
- UNIT-IV

 Banking and Public Fimance; analysis of price behaviour in India; Financial sector reforms; interest rate policy; Review of monetary policy of RBI; Money and capital markets; Working of SEBI in India; Fiscal federalism- Centerstate financial relations; Finances of central Government; Finances of state governments; Parallel economy; Problems relationg of fiscal policy; Fiscal sector reforms in India.
- UNIT-V Economic Reforms; Rationable of internal and external and external reforms; Glogalization of Indian economy; W.T.O. and its impact on the different sectors of the economy.

PAPER-IV (A) PUBLIC ECONOMICS

etals to seemen (Question will be set from each Unit / Section)

- UNIT-I Introducation: Role of Government in organized society: changing Prespective -government in a mixed economy: public and private sector, cooperation or competition; Government as an agent for economic planning and development. Public Choice private and public mechansim for allocating resources; problem for allocating resources: rational for public policy: Allocation of resources provisin of public goods; (contributions of Samuelson and Musgrave); provision of infrastriucture faciliities removing distributional inequalities and regional imbalances.
- UNIT- II Public Expenditurre: pur theory of public expenditure; Struture and growth of public expenditure: criteria for public invesment; Socal cost- benefit analysis project evaluation Estimation of costs discount rate: Reforms in expenditure budgeting; Programme budgeting and zero base budgeting.
- UNIT- III Taxation: Theory of incidence; Alternative concepts of incidence- Allocative and equity aspect of indiviual taxes; benefit and ability to pay approaches; theory of optimal taxation; Exces; Revenue of the Union Sates and local bodies major taxe forms in direct and indirect taxes, on service Non tax renenue of Centre Stae and local bodies; Analysis of central and State government Budgets.
- UNIT- IV public Debt: Classical view public debt; Compensatory aspect of debt policy Burden of public debt; sources of public debt; Debt through created money public borrwings and price level Objective of fiscal policy - interdependence of fiscal and monetary polices budgetary deficits and implications.
- UNIT- V Fiscal Federalism: principles of muti-unit finance; Fsical federalism in india, Vertical horizontal inbalance; Assignment of function and sources of revenue: Constitutional provioisons; Finance Commission and planning Commission; Devolution resources and grants; theory of grants; Resource transfer from Union to State Criteria for transfer of resources; Centre- State fincancial relations in india; Problems of Satae resouces and indebtedness; Transfer of resources from Union and Satae to local bodies.

PAPER-VI (B) AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

(Questions will be set from each Unit / Section)

UNIT-I

Agriculture and Economic Development: nature and scope of agricultural and rual economic role of agriculture in econimic development; Interdependence between agriculture and industry; Agricultural development povery and environment, Livestock economic - Livestock resources and their productivity White revoulation; Fishery and poultry development; Forestry; Horticulture and floruculture Issue and problem in rual industrialization and development of agro - based industries.

UNIT-II

Econimics of Rural Infrastructure: Use of Land water and energy; Rural transport communiucation bashking extension services role, momes amd problem of rual electrification; Riral social infrastructure. Land Intenures and farming systems - Land reform measures and performance; Women and Land reforms problems of Marginal and small farmers.

UNIT-III

Agriculture Production and Productivity: Agricultural Production Resourse use and efficiency; Production function analyses in agriculture; Factor combination and reasourse substitution; Cost and supply curves; size of farm and laws of return - Theoretical and empirical findings; Farm budgeting and cost concepts; Supply response of individual crops and aggregate supply; Reasourse use efficiency in traditional agriculture; Technical change, Labour absoption and gender issues in agricultural services.

UNIT-IV

Rural Labour Market: Rural labour supply; Nature, extent and trends in rural unemployment; Agricultural wages in India; Male-female wage differences; Non-agricultural rural employment - Trends and determinants. Role of cpital and rural credit; Organized and unorganized capital market; Rural savings and capital formation; Characteristics and sources of rural credit - Institutional and non-institutional; Reorganization of rural credit - cooperative, commercial banks, regional rural banks; Role of NABARD.

UNIT-V

Agricultural Prices and Agricultural growth: Behaviout of agricultural prices - Cobweb model; Prices and income stability; State policy with respect to agricultural marketing; Warehousing; Prices; Taxation and crop insurance; Terms of trade between agricultural and non-agricultural prices; Objectives of agricultural price policy-food security in India and public distribution system. Recent trends in agricultural growth in India; Croppong pattern shifts; Supply of inputs; Pricing of inputs and role of subsidies; Distribution of gains from technological change; Role of Public inverstment and capital formation in Indian in India agriculture; strategy of agricultural development and technological progress; Bio-technological practics and growth potential. Agriculture and external Dector: International trade in agricultural commodities; Commidity agreements - Rote of World Trade Organization; Issues in liberlization of domestic and international trade in agriculture.